河 記念 初級 一 記念 表達策略

參加口說測驗時,是否常覺得好緊張,一時之間不知道該如何表達?

別擔心!平時只要設定情境、多聽多開口,就可以累積臨場英語表達力。初級口說測驗主要評量「簡單自我介紹、對熟悉的話題以簡易英語對答」的能力。以下利用例題,說明如何運用表達策略,說出自己的喜好或談論平常生活或校園中的經驗。

例題 1

Do you like to go hiking? Why or why not?

(題目來源:初級正式測驗考題)

1 ■ 談論自己的喜好

■ 回應「是」或「否」

若喜歡健行,我們可以說:

Yes, I do. I like to go hiking because...

若不喜歡,則說:

No, I don't. I don't like to go hiking because...

接下來,我們來練習「字詞聯想」。

■ 字詞聯想

這時候,我們可以從「喜歡」這個方向,聯想相關的字詞:

like to go hiking

fresh air

lose weight

get closer to friends and family

加上 because 來連接前後文,便可以造出很多句子:

I like to go hiking because	I can breathe fresh air.
	I can lose weight.
	I can get closer to my friends and my family.

當然,也可以從「不喜歡」的方向,聯想相關的字詞:

don't like to go hiking

like to stay at home

too tiring

have no time

同樣可以加上 because 來連接前後文:

I don't like to go hiking because	I like to stay at home.
	it's too tiring.
	I have no time.

透過聯想得到相關字彙,便能夠清楚、簡要地表達出自己的喜好了。

例題 2

Have you ever travelled abroad? Tell me about your trip. If you haven't, which country would you like to visit most?

(題目來源:初級下式測驗考題)

2. 描述過去的經驗

「描述過去的經驗」是另一個重要的溝通能力。若要詢問過去的經驗, "Have you ever..." 是常見的問句。

■ 回應「是」或「否」

若曾經出國旅行,我們可以說:

Yes, I have.

若從未出國旅行,則說:

No, I haven't.

接下來練習「字詞聯想」、找出「曾去哪裡旅行」或「想去哪裡旅行」的相關字彙。

■ 字詞聯想

若答案是"Yes, I have.",我們可以根據過去旅行經驗的地點(where)、時間(when)、景點(what),還有旅行的心得感受等,聯想相關的字詞:

have travelled abroad last year Hong Kong

Disneyland in the U.S. Japan temples fun

根據這些字詞,便可造出以下句子:

Yes, I have.

I went to Hong Kong last year.

I visited some temples in Japan.

I went to Disneyland in the U.S. It was fun.

要注意的是·雖然回應「是」或「否」要用**現在完成式(Yes, I have. /** No, I haven't.);但描述旅行的細節時·要用**過去式**。

如果答案是"No, I haven't.",接下來要回應 "Which country would you like to visit most?"。這時我們也可以進行字詞聯想。除了思考自己想去哪裡旅行外,也別忘了想想為什麼要去那個地方,可以讓回答更豐富:



表達「想要」做某件事·常用的句型是:"I would like to...." 或 "I want to..."。有了字彙和常用句型,我們便可造出以下句子:

No, I haven't.	I would like to visit South Korea most. I love
	Korean food.
	I want to go to China to see pandas.
	I would like to visit Canada. It's beautiful.